

**Chicken IgG (H&L) Rabbit Polyclonal
ATS-SELECT SECONDARY ANTIBODY**

Catalog Number: AS-012
Quantity: 2 milliliters
Format: Antiserum, Lyophilized
Host: Rabbit
Immunogen: Chicken IgG whole molecule

Background: Anti-Chicken IgG/IgY Antibody generated in rabbit detects chicken IgY. Secreted as part of the adaptive immune response by plasma B cells, immunoglobulin G constitutes 75% of serum immunoglobulins. Immunoglobulin G binds to viruses, bacteria, as well as fungi and facilitates their destruction or neutralization via agglutination (and thereby immobilizing them), activation of the complement cascade, and opsonization for phagocytosis. The whole IgG molecule possesses both the F(c) region, recognized by high-affinity Fc receptor proteins, as well as the F(ab) region possessing the epitope-recognition site. Both heavy and light chains of the antibody molecule are present.

Specificity & Preparation: This product was prepared from monospecific antiserum by a delipidation and defibrination. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against Chicken IgG and Chicken Serum.

Usage: Anti-Chicken IgG Antibody is designed for immunofluorescence microscopy, fluorescence based plate assays (FLISA) and fluorescent western blotting. This product is also suitable for multiplex analysis, including multicolor imaging, utilizing various commercial platforms.

ELISA 1:20,000 - 1:100,000

Immunohistochemistry 1:1,000 - 1:5,000

Western Blot 1:2,000 - 1:10,000

Working dilutions must be determined by end user.

Storage: Restore with deionized water (or equivalent), 2.0 mL. Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use. Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.

To view protocol(s) for this and other products please visit: www.ATSBio.com/library/protocols