

Rabbit IgG-SAP

NON-TARGETED SAPORIN CONTROL MOLECULE

*a tool for use as control for rabbit IgG-containing immunolesioning agents;
non-targeted via pre-immune rabbit IgG antibody conjugated to saporin*

Catalog Number: IT-35
Quantity: 25 micrograms, 100 micrograms, 250 micrograms
Format: PBS (0.14 M Sodium Chloride; 0.003 M Potassium Chloride; 0.002 M Potassium Phosphate; 0.01 M Sodium Phosphate; pH 7.4), no preservative. Sterile-filtered.
Host: Rabbit

Background:

Controls are a vital part of the scientific procedure; without them it is difficult to isolate the specific effects from the non-specific or artifactual. This control molecule is the same molecular weight, consists of similar, comparable materials and is synthesized with the same protocols as the targeted conjugates. The difference is the cell-specific targeting agents are replaced with "blanks," antibodies or peptides that have no specificity, and no ability to target cells. In short, they are the perfect control molecules for behavioral experiments with Advanced Targeting Systems' targeted conjugates.

Rabbit IgG-SAP serves as a control for targeted conjugates that use a rabbit polyclonal targeting agent: mu p75-SAP, GAT1-SAP, Goat-ZAP, Anti-ChAT-SAP, Melanopsin-SAP and Chick-ZAP. Rabbit IgG-SAP is manufactured in an identical manner as other targeted conjugates, to give a definitive baseline for comparison to the activity of the targeted conjugates listed.

Specificity and Preparation:

This control conjugate has no known specificity; it may react with cells that possess Fc receptors. Rabbit IgG-SAP is a chemical conjugate of pre-immune rabbit IgG antibody and the ribosome-inactivating protein, saporin. The product is routinely tested by cytotoxicity assay.

Usage and Storage:

Rabbit IgG-SAP serves as a control for rabbit IgG-containing immunolesioning agents (mu p75-SAP, GAT1-SAP, Goat-ZAP, Melanopsin-SAP, Chick-ZAP). **There may be lot-to-lot variation in material; working dilutions must be determined by end user. If this is a new lot, you must assess the proper working dilution before beginning a full experimental protocol.**

Gently spin down material before use; 5-10 seconds in a microfuge should be adequate. The material should be stored at -20°C in undiluted aliquots. Material should be aliquoted to a convenient volume and quantity to avoid repeated freezing and thawing that can damage the protein content. Under these conditions, the material has a very stable shelf-life. Thawing should be done at room temperature or on ice. The thawed solution should remain on ice until use. The material can be handled safely using normal laboratory precautions.

Do not use a reducing agent (such as dithiothreitol, beta-mercaptoethanol or ascorbic acid) with this material. It will inactivate the toxin.

For disposal: autoclave, or expose to 0.2 M NaOH, materials that come into contact with the toxin.

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References:

1. Tazzari PL, Bolognesi A, De Totero D, Falini B, Lemoli RM, Soria MR, Pileri S, Gobbi M, Stein H, Flenghi L, *et al.* (1992) Ber-H2 (anti-CD30)-saporin immunotoxin: a new tool for the treatment of Hodgkin's disease and CD30+ lymphoma: *in vitro* evaluation. *Brit J Haemat* 81:203-211.
2. Dinota A, Tazzari PL, Michieli M, Visani G, Gobbi M, Bontadini A, Tassi C, Fanin R, Damiani D, Grandi M, *et al.* (1990) *In vitro* bone marrow purging of multidrug-resistant cells with a mouse monoclonal antibody directed against Mr 170,000 glycoprotein and a saporin-conjugated anti-mouse antibody. *Cancer Res* 50:4291-4294.
3. Thorpe PE, Brown AN, Bremner JA Jr, Foxwell BM, Stirpe F (1985) An immunotoxin composed of monoclonal anti-Thy 1.1 antibody and a ribosome-inactivating protein from *Saponaria officinalis*: potent antitumor effects *in vitro* and *in vivo*. *J Natl Cancer Inst* 75(1):151-159.

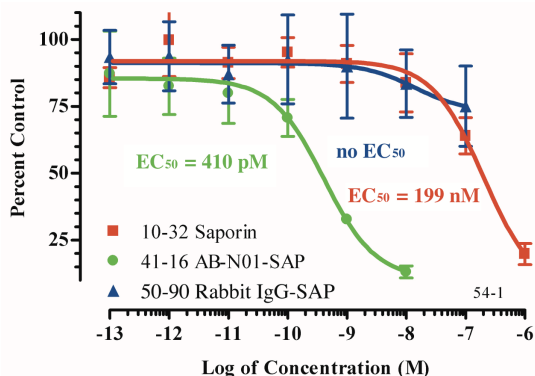
Safety:

Good laboratory technique must be employed for safe handling of this product.

This requires observation of the following practices:

1. Wear appropriate laboratory attire, including lab coat, gloves and safety glasses.
2. Do not pipet by mouth, inhale, ingest or allow product to come into contact with open wounds. Wash thoroughly any part of the body which comes into contact with the product.
3. Avoid accidental autoinjection by exercising extreme care when handling in conjunction with any injection device.
4. This product is intended for research use by qualified personnel only. It is not intended for use in humans or as a diagnostic agent. Advanced Targeting Systems is not liable for any damages resulting from the misuse or handling of this product.

To view protocol(s) for this and other products please visit: www.ATSBio.com/support/protocols



NG6 cells were plated at 1000 cells per well and allowed to acclimate for 15-18 hours. Reagents were added such that the most concentrated dose was 10 nM for AB-N01-SAP, 100 nM for Rabbit IgG-SAP, and 1 μ M for Saporin. 1:10 dilutions were made for a total of 8 dilutions at 6 replicates apiece. Plates were incubated at 37°C for 72 hours. EC50 was determined by evaluating the percent of live cells, developed with a MTS/PMS mixture, and comparison to cells in wells that received no treatment. Data was collected on a plate reader and evaluated with Prism software (GraphPad).