

**FabFc-ZAP human**  
**ZAP CONJUGATE**

*a tool to "piggyback" onto YOUR antibody via goat anti-human monovalent antibody;  
targeting cells that recognize YOUR human monoclonal antibody, eliminated via saporin*

**Catalog Number:** IT-65  
**Quantity:** 100 micrograms, 250 micrograms  
**Format:** PBS (0.14 M Sodium Chloride; 0.003 M Potassium Chloride; 0.002 M Potassium Phosphate; 0.01 M Sodium Phosphate; pH 7.4), no preservative. Sterile-filtered.  
**Host:** Goat

**Background:** FabFc-ZAP uses your primary human IgG antibody to target and eliminate cells that recognize your primary antibody. The secondary antibody used in the Fc-specific Fab-ZAP will react only with the Fc portion of the IgG heavy chain. The FabFc-ZAP products can be used in B-cell research with the confidence that cell death is primary antibody-mediated. When the *in vitro* results confirm the desired specificity, it is recommended that you order a custom conjugation of your antibody to saporin.

**Specificity & Preparation:** This secondary conjugate recognizes YOUR human antibody. FabFc-ZAP is a chemical conjugate of goat anti-human monovalent antibody and the ribosome-inactivating protein, saporin. The antibodies used to make FabFc-ZAP human are affinity-purified polyclonal antibodies against the Fc (gamma) portion of human IgG. The antibody used in this product will not cross-react with the Fab portion of human IgG, or human IgM or IgA, but may cross-react with Ig from other species. This product is routinely tested by cytotoxicity assay.

**Usage:** FabFc-ZAP uses your human primary antibody to target and eliminate cells. This secondary conjugate is used to evaluate the potential of a primary antibody to internalize. **There may be lot-to-lot variation in material; working dilutions must be determined by end user. If this is a new lot, you must assess the proper working dilution before beginning a full experimental protocol.**

**Storage:** Gently spin down material 5-10 seconds in a microfuge before use. The material should be stored at -20°C in undiluted aliquots. Material should be aliquoted to a convenient volume and quantity to avoid repeated freezing and thawing that can damage the protein content. Under these conditions, the material has a very stable shelf-life. Thawing should be done at room temperature or on ice. The thawed solution should remain on ice until use.

Do not use a reducing agent (such as dithiothreitol, beta-mercaptoethanol or ascorbic acid) with this material. It will inactivate the toxin.

**If the primary antibody recognizes a human receptor the conjugate will be toxic to human cells expressing the appropriate receptor.** Handling should be done by experienced personnel. Gloves and safety glasses are required when handling this product. Care in disposal is mandatory; autoclaving or exposure to 0.2 M sodium hydroxide will inactivate the material. All labware that comes into contact with this material should be likewise treated.

Note: When used in a cytotoxicity assay, un-bound primary antibody will compete with primary antibody bound to Fab-ZAP and may reduce cytotoxicity through competitive inhibition of the primary antibody-secondary conjugate complex.



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### Selected References:

1. Ancheta LR, Shramm PA, Bouajram R, Higgins D, Lappi DA (2023) Streptavidin-saporin: Converting biotinylated materials into targeted toxins. *Toxins* 15(3):181. doi: 10.3390/toxins15030181
2. Kohls MD, Lappi DA (2000) Mab-ZAP: A tool for evaluating antibody efficacy for use in an immunotoxin. *BioTechniques* 28(1):162-165. doi: 10.2144/00281pf01 PMID: 10649788

Scan to view  
all product  
references.

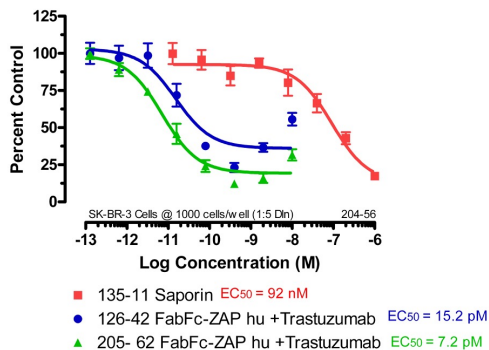
**Control(s):** The recommended control for use with this product would be a non-binding primary antibody, such as an isotype control, that mimics your primary antibody targeting agent. This control antibody should be used with FabFc-ZAP identically to the manner in which you test your primary antibody of interest. However, as a convenient alternative, we do offer Fab IgG-SAP (Cat #IT-67) for use as a control toxin.

### Safety:

Good laboratory technique must be employed for safe handling of this product. This requires observation of the following practices:

1. Wear appropriate laboratory attire, including lab coat, gloves and safety glasses.
2. Do not pipet by mouth, inhale, ingest or allow product to come into contact with open wounds. Wash thoroughly any part of the body which comes into contact with the product.
3. Avoid accidental autoinjection by exercising extreme care when handling in conjunction with any injection device.
4. This product is intended for research use by qualified personnel only. It is not intended for use in humans or as a diagnostic agent. Advanced Targeting Systems is not liable for any damages resulting from the misuse or handling of this product.

To view protocol(s) for this and other products please visit: [www.ATSBio.com/library/protocols](http://www.ATSBio.com/library/protocols)



SK-BR-3 cells were plated at 1000 cells/90  $\mu$ l/well and incubated overnight. Trastuzumab and Saporin dilutions were made in cell media and 10  $\mu$ l was added to each well. Trastuzumab was diluted in cell media containing, at a final concentration, 4.5 nM/10  $\mu$ l Fab-ZAP, and 10  $\mu$ l was added to each well. The plates were incubated for 72 hours. The plates were developed using a solution of XTT/PMS and read at 450 nm. Cytotoxicity was analyzed by comparing well readings of the treated wells to those of the control wells, expressed as a percentage. The number of viable cells remaining on the day of development was measured via cell metabolism of a colorimetric molecule within the developing reagents. Analysis was performed using Prism software (GraphPad, San Diego).